

HELD ON SWINDLE CHARGE

Three Men Await Arrival of Pittsburgh Detective To-day.

\$2,000 FRAUD IS ALLEGED

Business Conspiracy, Says Their Lawyer, as Each Is Held in Bonds of \$10,000.

A detective will arrive here this morning to take back to Pittsburgh Thomas Latimer, of that city; John Phillips, of Richmond, England, and Henry Ritter, of London, who are charged with swindling A. H. Stolzenbach, of Pittsburg, out of \$2,000 in a coal deal.

A telegram was received at Police Headquarters from Pittsburg on Thursday night, asking the local sleuths to watch for the arrival of Latimer. Detectives Van Wagner, Bauerschmidt, Marron and Kinney were assigned to the case.

Latimer, they say, tried as soon as he got here to get in touch with Ritter and Phillips, and yesterday afternoon the Pittsburg police asked that the trio be taken into custody. Van Wagner and Bauerschmidt traced Latimer to the Waldorf, where they arrested him. Phillips and Ritter were arrested at West and Barclay streets by the other two detectives.

The prisoners were taken to Headquarters and then to the Tembs police court to be arraigned before Magistrate Steinert. The men were held as fugitives from justice, but according to Latimer the trouble is over a coal deal in West Virginia and the floating of \$2,000,000 worth of stock. The prisoners say there is a mistake in the arrest which will be explained later.

According to the detectives, Latimer said that the complainant was A. H. Stolzenbach, who is connected with the Pittsburg Coal and Land Company.

Upon the arraignment it was alleged that Latimer wated a check for \$2,000 on the German National Bank of Pittsburg, saying: "This is what all the fuss is about—take it."

The prisoners were held in \$10,000 bail until this morning at 9 o'clock.

"So far as I can see, this is no more than a business conspiracy on the part of the complainant," said M. Jesse Henn, counsel for the prisoners. "These three men were sent by the Pittsburg Coal and Land Company to sell three thousand acres of land to a customer who had an option. They were merely transacting a clever business deal."

"When they were arrested they were about to buy tickets for England, in order to sell the property to another buyer there who had offered about \$2,000 more."

Pittsburg, June 9.—Thomas Latimer, Henry Ritter and John Phillips, arrested in New York at the request of the Pittsburg police, are alleged to have obtained \$2,000 from A. H. Stolzenbach, of this city, and failed to make any return of services. The men were associated in a plan to form a company to invest funds of British capitalists in coking coal lands.

Stolzenbach, with his attorney, and a city detective, started for New York to-night.

GARMENT STRIKERS RIOT

One Man Shot and Half Dozen Seriously Hurt in Cleveland.

Cleveland, June 9.—One hundred policemen, summoned to the scene of a riot between striking garment workers and sympathizers and non-union workmen late today, charged on the rifles, and in the fight which followed a male striker was shot and at least a half dozen persons were seriously injured, including a policeman. Scores suffered battered heads and body bruises.

It was the first violence of the strike. About six hundred men and women gathered in front of a factory in West 25th street as the non-union workmen were about to leave the building. A brick hurled into the crowd by an unknown person started the riot. When the police arrived the strikers and non-union men were hurling bricks, clubs and stones. Windows in nearby stores were smashed.

A crowd of strikers gathered late at a plant in West 6th street to force out the non-union workers. Windows were broken and some of the strikers rushed upstairs on their escapes and entered the building.

Many of the men workers joined the strikers, but 150 girl workers refused. The strikers and their recruits then started in a parade down the street. Another riot call brought a squad of police and the crowd was dispersed.

COST OF WOMAN'S LIVING

Merely Exists on Less Than \$12 a Week, Says Trade Union Head.

Boston, June 9.—"No working woman can possibly live in simple comfort on less than \$12 a week," declared Mrs. Raymond Robbins of Chicago, to-day. Mrs. Robbins is in Boston to attend the national conference of Women's Trade Union Leagues, of which she is president.

"If a woman's wages fall below that amount she merely exists," Mrs. Robbins continued. "She is obliged to deny herself proper food and suitable clothing. Until such time as votes for women prevail the women wage workers must join a union and go on a strike, if necessary, for the protection denied them under man-made laws."

The question of marriage Mrs. Robbins said "a trade union girl might perhaps become the wife of a passive non-unionist and still be happy; but under no circumstances should she marry a pronounced anti-trade unionist, regardless of his wealth and social standing."

WIFE COULDN'T STOP SUICIDE

Samuel O. Smith, of New York, Shoots Himself Near Saratoga Springs.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.)

Saratoga Springs, N. Y., June 9.—Samuel Owen Smith, of New York, sixty-two years old, whose summer home is near the village, shot and instantly killed himself to-day. He had been talking with his wife and in the midst of the conversation walked to a desk, took up a revolver and before his wife could interfere placed it to his head and fired. At the time of the shooting a servant was answering a telephone call from Mr. Smith's daughter in Albany. She was told of the tragedy and came at once.

Mr. Smith had been in unusually good health and he and his wife were planning an excursion for to-day. It is believed that he killed himself in a momentary fit of insanity. For the last number of years he spent his winters in Union, Ga. Dr. Harmon Smith, of New York City, is his son.

LAW SCHOOL HONOR TO WOMAN

Miss Cole, of Springfield, Heads Class of 54 at Albany Institution.

Albany, June 9.—For the first time in the history of the Albany Law School a woman carried off the highest honors of commencement this year. Miss Hazel M. Cole, of Springfield, Mass., has been awarded the Josiah H. Benton prize for excelling in class standing. She also won the White prize for the second best examination on corporation law.

The class numbered fifty-four. Former President McKinley was a graduate of the Albany institution.

DEGREE FOR HENRY CLEWS.

Asia, Ohio, June 9.—Henry Clews, the New York banker, has been honored by the Ohio Northern University with the degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

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KANN'S PICTURES SOLD

Eighty-two Bring \$544,290—\$54,000 for a Rembrandt.

Paris, June 9.—The sale of the Maurice Kann collection of pictures by English and Dutch masters, which was held to-night, proved one of the most important of many years in Paris. In all eighty-two pictures were sold, for a total of \$544,290.

Principal interest centred in Rembrandt's fine portrait of "A Philosopher," which brought \$54,000. Other important works sold were Franz Hals' portrait of a youth, which brought \$85,000; two pictures by Albert Cuyp, "The Departure for the Chase," \$22,000, and "Morning," \$20,300; two Raeburn portraits, "Jane Fraser," \$23,500, and "William Freer," \$10,400; Jan Steen's "The Wedding," \$15,200; "The Duet," by Gonzales Coques, bearing the coat-of-arms of the Flemish family Van Roosevelt, of which Colonel Theodore Roosevelt is said to be a descendant, \$14,600; a Sir Thomas Lawrence portrait, "Miss Glover," \$15,000; Jakob Ruystaer's "The Flood," \$12,000, and the younger Teniers' "Crown of Thorns," \$12,300.

DISAGREES WITH DR. ELIOT

Dr. Cabot Takes Issue on Sex Hygiene at Charities Conference.

Boston, June 9.—Notable men and women from all parts of America who assembled in Ford Hall to-day heard the subject of sex hygiene discussed by eminent speakers. Dr. Richard C. Cabot, a prominent Boston physician, took issue with Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard, on the question of teaching the subject to the young. The meeting was a section of the National Conference of Charities and Corrections. So great were the crowds at this meeting that extra policemen had to be called to keep the sidewalks clear in front of the building.

"The evils of society brought about by sexual immorality cannot be cured unless made a matter of public discussion," said Dr. Eliot. "I think we are all persuaded of the necessity of a great reform movement."

Other speakers suggested that the Boy Scout movement aids the teaching of sex hygiene.

Then Dr. Cabot got up and said: "If these social evils are due to ignorance, why are there so many morphine users among medical men? I think the ignorance on sex hygiene is perhaps less than is supposed."

Testimony from practical social workers was heard at another section, which was held to discuss drunkenness. Mrs. Alison Fellowes Bacon, of Evansville, Ind., discussed "Housing, Health and Recreation."

"Standards of living and labor" were taken over in another meeting addressed being given by Mrs. Raymond Robbins, president of the National Women's Trade Union League; Miss Josephine Goldmark, of the National Consumers' League, and Dr. R. C. McCrea, of New York.

Family and neighborhood conditions among the poor were the special subject of consideration at to-night's general meeting. Dr. Adolph Meyer, of Johns Hopkins University, and Porter R. Lee, of Philadelphia, spoke.

Debating from the general topic, Dr. Edward T. Devine, editor of "The Survey," in his paper on "Our Social Programme," discussed New York's transit system and employers' liability and said that "our federal constitution is not democratic and is not a flexible and ready instrument of social progress."

To abolish the evil results of the saloon a law should be made compelling a man to buy a 5-cent meal with every drink," said Dr. Edward Kettner Ellenberg, of Boston, at a sectional meeting to-night. George B. Hugo, head of a wholesale beer-bottling company, favored the abolishment of the saloon.

REUNION OF 99TH REGIMENT

Eight of Naval Brigade's Thirty Survivors Gather at Dinner.

Eight veterans of the 99th New York Volunteers with a number of guests held their annual reunion and dinner recently at their headquarters, No. 29 Grove street. Those who answered the roll-call were Captain John B. Mendenhall, William M. Schultz, George F. Frey, Harry Mansur, T. W. Norris, Jules Boerum, Philip C. and Frederick W. Ritschy. The two last named enlisted as drummer boys. There are about thirty survivors of the regiment, known as the Naval Brigade.

The organization was recruited by Colonel Washington Bartlett from along the Hudson and East rivers, and constituted a motley regiment of seafaring men of all nations. It was mustered out with an enviable war record. Its death roll numbered 23, of whom 31 died in Confederate prisons.

STRIKE ON ODELL'S CAR LINE

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NOT A RICH MAN'S COLLEGE'

Employees Demand in Vain that Assistant Superintendent Be Discharged.

Newburg, N. Y., June 9.—The management and conductors of the Orange County Traction Company quit in a body this morning. The men demanded of ex-Governor Odell, the president of the company, that he discharge or transfer William F. Martin, assistant superintendent of the road, who is offensive to them. Mr. Odell declined to get rid of Martin.

The Orange County Traction Company operates the city and suburban trolley lines, all of which are temporarily tied up.

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INTERESTED ONLOOKERS AT THE POLO MATCH.

Mrs. Eugene Reynal and Mrs. Stephen Brown See Something Amusing.



MRS. OLIVER ISELIN ALSO FINDS SOMETHING TO LAUGH AT.

MEXICO'S DEAD NOW 150

"CAMORRISTS ALL GUILTY?"

Judge Romano Produces Deep Impression on Jury.

Mexico City, June 9.—Quoel, a Neapolitan barber, was again brought before the court by carabineros and confronted by Judge Romano at to-day's sitting of the Camera trial. Judge Romano conducted the earlier investigation into the murder of Gennaro Chocolo, and Quoel at a previous examination had testified that he saw among the rings worn by Chocolo the one seized by the carabineros following the arrest of the Camorrist.

The list of known dead to-night totals a few more than 150. It is possible that this number may be augmented somewhat, but neither government officers nor local newspapers believe it will exceed 200, notwithstanding the reports that placed the number at more than 1,000.

Special dispatches indicate that the greatest loss of life was near the west coast of Colima and Jalisco, although no deaths are reported from Guadalajara, the capital of Jalisco.

According to latest reports, there were not more than five or six killed in the capital of Colima.

Tonilita and San Andres, near Colima, were almost destroyed, according to the reports. No estimate of the loss of life has been given, but it is stated most of the residents, frightened by the rumblings which preceded the hardest shock, fled from their little houses to safety. No reports have been received from numerous villages and ranches in that district, but as most people in such places live in small houses, it is not believed the number of fatalities was large.

A dispatch from Tuxpan reports Sayula suffered greatly, and that the number of dead would reach probably forty. About the same number was reported from Zapotlán, erroneously given at first as Ocotlán.

The town of Colima continues in eruption, and burning trees on its sides add to its spectacular appearance.

The engineer of the city waterworks system to-day reported seventeen cracks had been made in the mains. The damage has not interfered seriously with the city's water supply.

The Mexican towns referred to above are in the earthquake zone near the volcano of Colima. This is in the barren section of the State of Jalisco, due west about three hundred miles from Mexico City. The town of Colima is about forty miles from the base of the volcano and has a population of about twenty thousand.

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